APPLICATION NUMBER: 85035

APPROVAL LETTER

715/77

NDA 85-035

Gameric Pharmaceutical Corp. Attention: Mr. Bernard Abramson 433 Commercial Avenue Palisades Park, NJ 07650

Gentlemen:

Reference is made to your abbreviated new drug application submitted pursuant to Section 505(b) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act for Diphenoxylate HCl & Atropine Sulfate Tablets, (2.5 mg. \$ 0.025 mg. respectively).

We acknowledge receipt of your communication dated May 27, 1977, amending the application.

We have completed the review of this abbreviated new drug application and have concluded that the drug is safe and effective for use as recommended in the submitted labeling. Accordingly, the application is approved.

Any significant change in the conditions outlined in this abbreviated new drug application, requires an approved supplemental application before the change may be made, except for changes made in conformance with other provisions of Section 314.8 of the new drug regulations.

This Administration should be advised of any change in the marketing status of this drug.

The requirement for adequate data to assure the biologic availability is being deferred at the present time. However, our action in approving this application is based upon an understanding that if this requirement is reinstated you will perform the appropriate procedures.

Promotion of a product marketed under an abbreviated new drug application must not convey the impression that the product is a new entity.

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this applicat	, ,	
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		Office of Drug Monographs
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Conditions of Approval of a New Drug Application Records and Reports Requirements

APPLICATION NUMBER: 85035

DRAFT FINAL PRINTED LABELING

DIPHENOXYLATE TABLETS U.S.P

(with Atropine Sulfate) DESCRIPTION: Each Diphenoxylate tablet contains:

·/- (**

Diphenoxylate HCl U.S.F. . . . 2.5 mg. (Warning: May be habit-forming)
Atropine Sulfate U.S.F. 0.025 mg.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION: Diphenoxylate is classified as a Schedule V substance by federal law: however, it is chemically related to the narcotic meperidine. In case of overdosage or individual hypersensitivity, reactions similar to those after meperidine or morphine intoxication, in which prolonged and careful monitoring is essential, since respiratory depression may be evidenced as late as 30 hours after ingestion and may recut in spite of an initial response to Narcan (naloxone hydrochloride). DIPHENOXYLATE HYDROCHLORIDE IS NOT AN INNOCOUS DRUG AND DOSAGE RECOMMENDATIONS SHOULD BE STRICTLY ADMERD TO, ESPECIALLY IN CHILDREN. THIS MEDICATION SHOULD BE KEPT OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

ACTIONS: Diphenoxylate acts by slowing intestinal motility.

INDICATIONS: Diphenoxylate is effective as adjunctive therapy in the management of diarrhea.

CONTRAINDICATIONS: Diphenoxylate is contraindicated in children less 2 years of age due to the decreased margin of safety in younger age ss. It is also contraindicated in patients with a known hypersensity to diphenoxylate hydrochloride or atropine and in patients who are incell. groups. paundiced.

WARNING: Diphenoxylate should be used with special caution in younger children because of the greater variability of response in this age group, its use does not preclude the administration of appropriate fluid and electrolyte therapy. Dehydration, pericularly in younger children, may litther influence the variability of response to Diphenoxylate and may precisionse to delayed diphenoxylate intoxication. Drug-induced inhibition of peristalsis may result in fluid retention in the colon which may further aggravate dehydration and electrolyte imbelance. If severe derivdration or electrolyte imbalance is manifested, dishenoxylate should be redration or electrolyte imbalance is manifested, diphenoxylate a withheld until appropriate corrective therapy has been initiated.

Since the chemical structure of diphenoxylate hydrochloride is simiaffice the chemical stituture of disperious/sets application for a sum and to that of mepridine hydrochloride, the concurrent use of it with monoamine oxidase inhibitors may, in theory, precipitate hypersensitive

Diphenoxylate should be used with extreme caution in patients with carrhosis and other advanced hepatic disease and in all patients with abmormal liver function tests, since hepatic commands be precipitated.

Diphenoxylate hydrochloride may potentiate the action of barbiturates, tranquilizers and alcohol. Therefore, the patient should be closely observed when these medications are used concomitantly.

Usage in pregnancy: The use of any drug during pregnancy, lactation, or in women of child-bearing age requires that the potential benefits of the drug be weighed against any possible hexard to the mother and child. Effects of diphenoxylate hydrochloride or atropine sulfate may be evident in the infants of nursing mothers taking diphenoxylate hydrochloride since these compounds are excreted in breast milk.

<u>PRECAUTIONS</u>: Addiction (dependency) to diphenoxylate hydrochloride is theoretically possible at high dosage. Therefore the recommended dosage should not be exceeded.

Because of the structural and pharmacological similarity of dioceans of the actioning and present occupants amount of the oceans of the action of the oceans of the action potential, it should be administered with considerable caution to patients who are receiving addicting drugs, to individuals known to be addiction prome, or to those whose histories suggest they may increase the domage on their own initiative.

In some patients with acute ulcerative colitis, agents which inhibit intestinal motility or delay intestinal transit time have been reported to induce toxic megacolon. Consequently, patients with acute ulcerative colitis should be carefully observed and diphenoxylate therapy should be discontinued promptly if abdominal distention occurs or if other untoward symptoms develop.

Because a subtherapeutic dose of atropine has been added to the diprecoxylate pydrochloride to discourage deliberate overdosage, there should be strict observance of the contraindications, warnings and precautions for the use of atropine.

In children, Diphenoxylate should be used with caution since signs of atropinism may occur even with recommended domes, particularly in patients with Down's Syndrome.

ADVERSE REACTIONS: Atropine effects, such as dryness of the skin and murcous membranes, flushing, hyperthermia, tachycardia and urinary retention may occur, especially in children. Other adverse reactions reported with diphenoxylate use are:

Nausea Sedation Comiting Swelling of the gums Abdominal discomfort Numbress of the extremities Headache Depression Respiratory depression

Drowminess (sedation effect) Coma Lethergy Rest lessness Euphor is Pruritue Angioneurotic edema Giant urticaria Paralytic urticaria

Toxic megacolon

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION: Adults: The recommended initial dosage is two tablets four times a day. Most patients will require this dosage level until initial control is effected, after which the dosage should be reduced to meet individual requirements; control may often be maintained with as little as 5 mg. (two tablets) daily.

Children: Diphenoxylate is contraindicated in children under 2 years of age. It should be used with special caution in young children due to the varibale response in this age group. For children over 2 years of age, the recommended daily dosages expressed in divided doses and according to the child's age are given in the following table:

Children: In children 2 to 12 years of age it is preferable not to use tablets. However, the following schedule is presented as a guide.

Ager Dosager 2 ng. t.i.d. 5 to 8 years 2 ng. q.i.d. 8 to 12 years 2 ng. 5 times daily Do not exceed recommended dosage.

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Adults: Two tablets (5 mg.) t.i.d. to two tablets (5 mg.) q.i.d.

Maintenance dosage may be as low as one fourth of the initial daily dosage. Downward adjustment of dosage should be made as soon as initial control of symptoms is accomplished.

OVERDOSAGE: Diagnosis and Treatment: Caution patients to adhere structly to recommended dosage schedules. The medication should be kept out of reach of children, since accidental overdosage may result in severe, even fatal, respiratory depression. In the event of overdosage (initial signs may include dryness of the skin and mucous membranes, flushing, hyperthermis and tachycardia followed by lethargy or coma, hypotonic reflexes, nystagmus, pinpoint pupils and respiratory depression), gastric lawage, establishment of a patent sirway and possibly mechanically assisted respiration are advised.

The harcotic antagonist, Narcan® (naloxone hydrochloride) may be used in the treatment of respiratory depression caused by narcotic analgesics or pharmacologically related compounds such as Lomotil. When Marcah is administered intravenously the onset of action is generally appearent within 2 minutes. Marcan may also be administered subcutaneously or intramuscularly providing a slightly less rapid onset of action but a more prolonged effect.

To counteract respiratory depression caused by Lomctil overdosage, the following achedule for Narcan should be followed:

Adult Dosage: The usual initial adult dose of Narcan is 0.4 mg. (one ml.) administered intravenously. If respiratory function does not adequately improve after the initial dose the same I. V. dose may be repeated at two-to-three-minute intervals.

Children: The usual initial dose of Narcan for children is 0.01 mg, per kilogram of body weight administered intravenously and repeated at two-to-three-minute intervals if necessary.

Pollowing the initial improvement of respiratory function, repeat doses of Marcan may be required in response to recurrent respiratory depression. Supplemental intramuscular doses of Marcan may be utilized to produce a longer lasting effect.

Since the duration of action of diphenoxylate hydrochloride is longer than that of naloxone hydrochloride, improvement of respiration following administration may be followed by recurrent respiratory depression. Consequently, continuous observation is necessary until the effect of diphenoxylate hydrochloride on respiration (which effect may persist for many hours) has passed. The period of observation should extend over at least 48 hours, preferably under continuous hospital care.

It should be noted that, although signs of overdosage and respiratory depression may not be evident soon after ingestion of diphenoxylate hydrochloride, respiratory depression may occur from 12 to 30 hours later.

MOM SUPPLIED: Tablets-white, containing 2.5 mg. of diphenoxylate hydrochloride and 0.025 mg. stropine sulfate; bottles of 100, 500 and 2,500.

 $\boldsymbol{\lambda}$ subtherapeutic amount of stropine sulfate is included to discourage deliberate overdosege.

CAUTION: Federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription.

Manufactured B

CEMERIC PHARMACEUTICAL CORPORATION Palisades Park, New Jersey 07650

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APPLICATION NUMBER: 85035

MEDICAL REVIEW

REVIEW OF RESUBMISSION

DATE COMPLETED: 6-22-77

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ANDA #: 85-035

CO. NAME: Generics Pharmaceutical Corp

Palisades Park, NJ 07650

NAME OF DRUG: Diphenoxylate HCl + Atropine Sulfate Tablets

2.5 mg.

0.25 mg.

DATE OF SUBMISSION: 5-27-77

TYPE OF SUBMISSION: RESUBMISSION - reply to FDA letter 2-22-77

CLINICAL EVALUATION:

1. Review of Studies:

Pertinent data is to be reviewed by the chemist. Bio requirement - not required.

- 2. Review of Labeling:
 - Container labels: satisfactory CV Dipheroxylate 2.5 mg. bottles of 500, 1000 w/Atropine Sulfate

"J-Davis"

b) Insert labeling: Satisfactory (MOR 12-6-75) date: 9-76

CONCLUSION: labeling is satisfactory

RECOMMENDATIONS: The firm is to be so notified.

Karusaitis, M.D.

cc:dup VVK/w1b/6-22-77

		NDA NUMBER	
NOTICE OF APPROVAL	35-135		
NEW DRUG APPLICATION OR SUPPLEMEN	DATE APPROVAL LETTER ISSUED		
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REVIEW OF AMENDMENT, RESUBMISSION, FPL

DATE COMPLETED: 11-30-76

ANDA #: 85-035

CO. NAME: Generic Pharm. Corp.

Palisades Park, NJ 07650

NAME OF DRUG: Diphenoxylate 0.25 mg. (with atropine sulfate 0.25 mg.) Tablets

DATE OF SUBMISSION: 11-12-76

TYPE OF SUBMISSION: Amendment, FPL

CLINICAL EVALUATION:

Pertinent material is to be reviewed by the chemist. Comparative dissolution study: "Lomotil" versus Generic Product.

- 1. Review of Labeling:
 - a) Container labels: Satisfactory CV 2.5 mg. tablets bottles of 500, 1,000
 - b) Insert labeling: Satisfactory
 Date: 9-76

QUESTION: Propriety of Pharmacist warning to Patient???

RECOMMEND: Deletion of reference to pharmacist.

CONCLUSION: Insert labeling is satisfactory for the safe and effective use of this product. Question of propriety of Pharmacist warning to patient.

RECOMMENDATIONS: The firm is to be so notified.

75/

V.V. Karusaitis, M.D.

cc:

Dup

VVK/w1b/12-6-76

APPLICATION NUMBER: 85035

CHEMISTRY REVIEW(S)

OR SUPPLEMENT		· ·
		AE Number 85-035
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urpose of Amendment/Suppleme	ent	Date(s) of Submission(s)
orig abbr	NDA	11/12/70
harmacological Category antiperistaltic	Name of Drug diphenoxylate HCl + atropine SO4	•
osage Form(s)	Potency(ies)	How Dispensed
oral	2.5 + 0.025 mas respectively	R _X XXX
ackaging/Sterilization	Samples	Related IND/NDA/MF
submitted	reques ted	
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